

ValidationInstitute

2023 Validation Report

Review for: finHealth Validation Achieved: Savings Valid through: September 2024

www.validationinstitute.com

finHealth

Company Profile



Category: Website: Public or Private: Year Established: CEO: Company contact: **Healthcare Auditing**

www.finhealth.com Private for profit 2019 Jim Arnold (843) 790-8855

Description:

finHealth helps self-insured employers find and recover payment errors that occur when processing medical claims in a self-funded health benefit plan. Their preferred business model is to be compensated based on errors identified, acknowledged, and refunded back to the plan sponsor.



Claim Assertion for Validation

finHealth helps self-insured employers find and recover payment errors that occur when processing medical claims in a self-funded health benefit plan. Their preferred business model is to be compensated based on errors identified, acknowledged, and refunded back to the plan sponsor.



Intervention link to outcome

• State the outcome being measured

The outcome measured is payments by self-insured health plans after an audit for errors and fraud. This net payment is then compared to the gross (pre-audit) amount.

• Detail the intervention.

The intervention is a computer program that analyzes medical claims billing to detect errors and fraud.

 Does the applicant discuss published literature or other credible source demonstrating correlation between intervention and outcome? If yes, describe the correlation and the source cited by applicant. If no, does the literature exist to demonstrate a correlation between intervention and outcome?

As error and fraud detection are long-standing industry practices, literature is not necessary to demonstrate the connection between the intervention (audit) and the outcome (lower payments than otherwise).

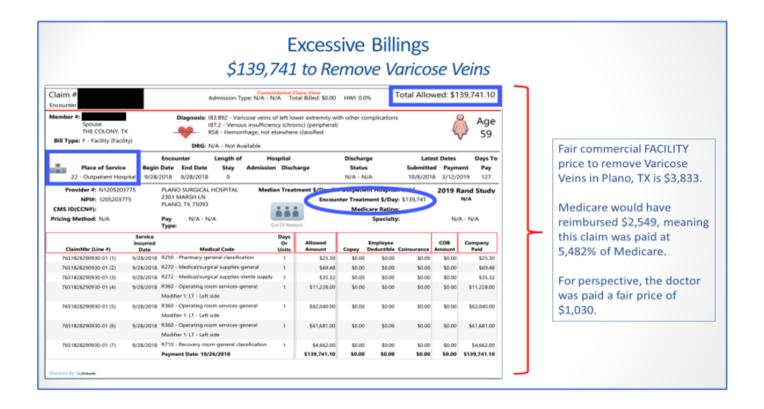


finHealth identifies errors in medical claims paid by health insurance carriers. In virtually all cases, the "error" would, if not corrected and refunded, generate higher expenses for the plan sponsor, the employee / member or both. Examples include:

- Duplicate Payments
- Medical Coding Errors
- Contract Errors
- Eligibility
- Non-Covered Services
- Age / Gender Conflicts
- Missed or Incorrect Discounts
- Excessive Above-Market Charges (Outliers)

This following shows a typical finding. The "Amount Allowed" for the hospital (meaning after the network discount is applied to charges) was \$139,741 – to remove varicose veins on the left leg in an outpatient hospital. Fair facility cost in this market, according to Healthcare Bluebook, was \$3,833. The doctor was paid \$1,030, the fair-market price. Per the payer, they inadvertently forgot to apply a discount to the hospital bill, resulting in the recovery of \$131,000. **finHealth** received an agreed contingent fee of 25% once the money was refunded to our client's self-insured health plan.





Data Source

• Describe the data source

The prospective client provided a file of its claims' payments. The current client's dollar savings came from finHealth's program, which retains the original billed amount and the final (post-audit) payment amount.





- Did the applicant have adequate data from a credible, reliable source? Yes.
- Is the data source appropriate for the outcome being measured? Yes.

<u>Methodology</u>

• Describe the evaluation methodology, i.e. trend from pre- to post-, comparing similar groups, etc.

The analyst compared the original payment amount to the final (postaudit) payment amount. For the prospective client, the final payment amount was estimated. For the current client, the final payment amount came from finHealth's program.

 Did the applicant collect and manage data in accord with standard evaluation methodology? Comment on any issues with compiling the measure, such as missing or incomplete data or lack of data on nonparticipants.

None noted.

• Is the data source appropriate for the outcome being measured? Yes.



Findings & Validation

A prospective client spent \$103.3 million annually for medical services; if they had paid a consistent price to providers of similar services, their annual spending would be \$70.8 million. The consistent pricing model is more than 30% lower than the client's current costs.

In a five-month period, finHealth's program detected errors worth 2% of their current client's spending for that period. The National Health Care Anti-Fraud Association estimates that three percent of all healthcare spending is for fraud [1].

finHealth is one of the few vendors to receive the highest of the four levels of Validation – Validation for Savings Achieved – because its revenue model is based purely on contingent fees paid from refund checks actually received by the self-insured employer / plan sponsor.

Occasionally, carrier contracts will forbid employers from paying contingent fees for bill audits, specifically to discourage them from looking for errors. In those situations, finHealth offers a subscription model based on members with a performance guarantee that ensures no budget dollars are required by clients.



Limitations

Normally, there are some asterisks here, called 'limitations" in academic language. But because the finHealth revenue model is usually contingent and based on actual overpayments returned, there are no significant limitations.

Quite the opposite: most carriers offer this service themselves. In those cases, the carriers also collect a percentage of the refund. This creates a moral hazard whereby the more inaccurate / inflated their own bills are, the more they can collect by "finding" the errors in their own bills. This type of offering would not be able to achieve Validation.





Validation and Credibility Guarantee

finHealth Valuelytics achieved validation for **Savings**. Validation Institute is willing to provide up to a \$25,000 guarantee as part of their Credibility Guarantee Program. To learn more, visit

https://validationinstitute.com/credibility-guarantee/

Savings

Can reduce health care spending per case/participant or for the plan/purchaser overall.

Outcomes
Product/solution has measurably improved an outcome (risk, hba1c, events, employee retention, etc.) of
importance.
importance.

Metrics Credible sources and valid assumptions create a reasonable estimate of a program's impact.

> Contractual Integrity Vendor is willing to put a part of their fees "at risk" as a guarantee.



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CERTIFICATE OF VALIDATION

Applicant:	finHealth 717 Green Valley Road Suite 200 Greensboro, NC 27408
Product:	finHealth Valuelytics
Claim:	finHealth identifies errors in medical claims paid by health insurance carriers to generate savings for plan sponsor, member or both.
Validation Achieved:	Validated for Savings
Validation Award Date:	October 2020

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Al Lewis Founder and CEO Emeritus Validation Institute

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Vidar Jorgensen Chief Executive Officer Validation Institute



About Validation Institute

Validation Institute is a professional community that advocates for organizations and approaches that deliver better health value - stronger health outcomes at lower cost. We connect, train, and certify health care purchasers, and we validate and connect providers delivering superior results. Founded in 2014, the mission of the organization has consistently been to help provide transparency to buyers of health care.

Validation Review Process

Validation Institute has a team of epidemiologists and statisticians who review each program. The team focuses on three components:

- Evidence from published literature that a similar intervention had similar results.
- The reliability and credibility of the data sources.
- The rigor of the approach to calculating results.

To achieve validation, the program has to satisfy each of these components. VI's team then summarizes the review into a report which is publicly available. Details of VI's review are available with the program's permission.

